Agriculture and Renewable energy management in Urban and Peri-Urban of Addis Ababa

Nov 2011 Ethiopia

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## 1. introduction

- Ethio has 73.9 mill of popul
- 9 Regional States and 2 Administration City Councils.
- It is one of the countries which are on transition/ developing / process,
- the huge hydraulic potential, and has options to diversify energy power mix (solar, wind, biomass, natural gas, coal).
- but still with great problem of energy supp

#### energy sectors splits to

- traditional energy i.e. fire wood, bio-gas, organic residue
- Modern energy exclusively to petroleum production& electricity,
- 90% of the total national energy comes from traditional biomass fuel
- 10% energy consumption comes from Non biomass fuel i.e 8% petroleum, 2% electricity

implys that the population need more biomass for energy use,

- Agriculture, is the most important economic sector contributing highest part of the country's GDP,
- earning 85% foreign currency
- 83% of the popu. is employed on agric, sector,
- It has a number of vegetation /crops/ spps and livestock.
- Ethio is 1<sup>st</sup> in livestock popul in Afri and 10<sup>th</sup> in the world.

- Due to the above reasons, the government was forced to formulate policy, law and regulations that can lead to develop and utilize the resources sustainably. Some of the directions are:-
- 1. Basic Directions of Agriculture
- Building Human Resources
- Proper Land Use
- Preparation of Agricultural Packages
- Creating Market-lead Agricultural
- > Improving the Finance System
- > Encouraging Private Investors

- Expanding Rural Infrastructures
- Strengthening Non-agricultural Rural Development
- 2. Energy-directions are
- > Expansion of hydroelectric power /small scale to large scale,
- > natural gas and oil development
- > agro-forestry \_\_\_\_ forest development

- promote energy saving, supply and utilization efficiency, development.
- the natural balance and environment,
- each sector has to get alternative energy source,
- > energy development has to corporate with Agriculture and environment development

The Dev't &Transformation Strategies of the federal gov't is:-

- Agriculture lead Industrialization (pillar)
- Poverty reduction
- Scaling up best practices
  - BPR/BSC (balanced score card)
- Climate change Adaptation and mitigation program
- Bring up the economy to the middle economic developed countries

- The Policy and strategies
- Federal environmental policy
- Federal Conservation Strategy
- Federal agricultural policy
- Environmental Impact Assessment proclamation
- Federal Energy policy
- Solid waste management proclamation
- Related Environmental regulations

**Addis Ababa city** 

- •Was established in 1886/7, as a capital city
- is still CC of Federal government of Ethiopia
- & is continental, international, institutional

centre, industrial, cultural as well as political

centre

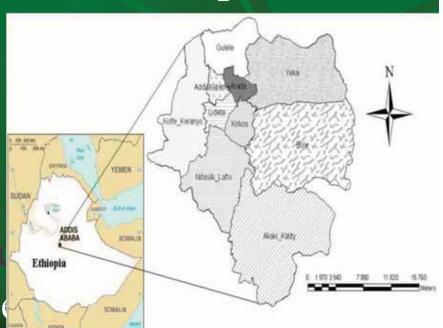
area of about 54000ha

• Has 10 sub-cities

and 116 woreda (the

lowest adm unit)/ distri

Large number of Industrie

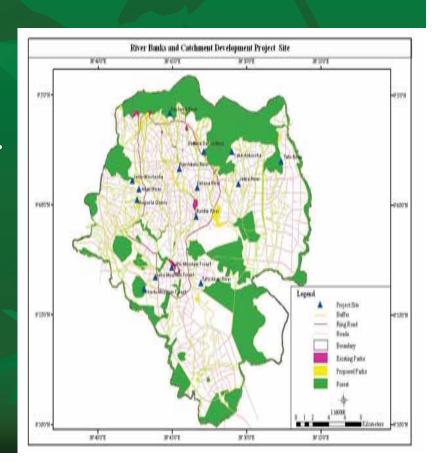


#### introd cont...

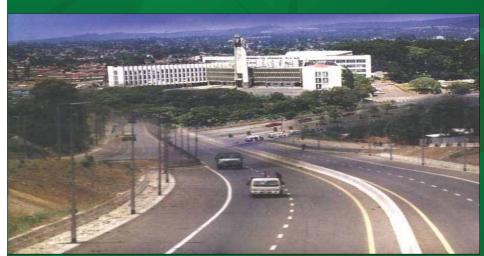
- about 22,000ha /41% of total area/
- including forest trees, green spaces

Topography:

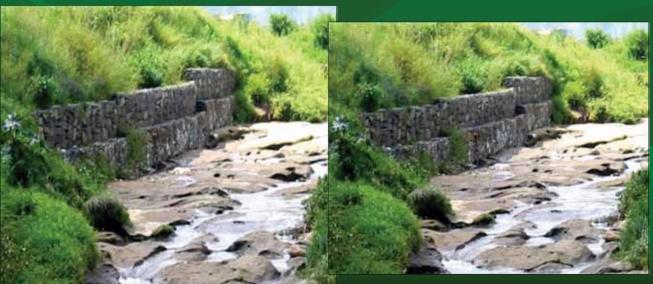
- situated at central high land
- at an elevation 2000-3100m asl.
- Undulated land form
- Its periphery surroundedby slopy chain of mountain.



# VISION to see the Urban & peri urban city to be pollution free, clean and green, have natural balance, comfortable & enjoyable Addis Ababa









#### 2. Current situation of Addis Ababa

#### 2.1 Climate

- ■Mean Annual temp 16<sup>0</sup> C rainfall 1200mm
- the sun shining every day through out the year.
  & is called 13 month of sunshine.

## 2.2 Population

- 2.8mil, growth rate 3.79%.
- Thus rapid growth of pop has negative impacts on natural resource /biodiversity/ utilization associated with climate change.

## Current situ ....

- 2.3 Vegetation cover
- 9900ha covered by vegetation dominantly by the exotic Euc. Tree sp.
- 12,500 ha is expected to be covered with indexen. forests spp.
- The remaining 9300 ha for urban agriculture &
   200 ha woodland spps.
- Due to the topographic feature and the climatic conditions, the city has rare but diverse endemic trees, shrubs and herb species.

## Current situ....

- The natural vegetation has been cleared for Settlement due to fast population growt.
- Olea europaea etc. are indicators, that was once an evergreen montane forest area with glades of crop and grazing lands.





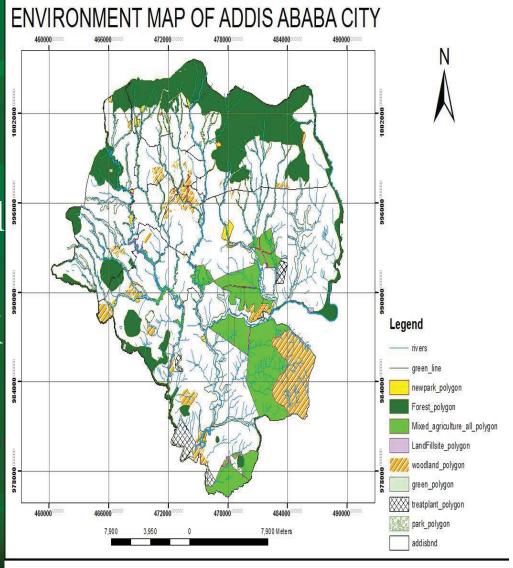
#### 2.4 Wild animals

- habitats for a no. of species,
- No. of birds and animals.
- 18 spps of mammals like Anner/Felis serval,
   Qebero/Canis aureus, Zenejero/Papio anybis,
- 30 spp of Birds some are rarely found & are parts of the biodiversity of the city.
   Dakeye/Anas platryhynchos, Qoge/ Francolinus dappertion,

- 2.5 Drainages

  net like drainages start

  from mount /Entoto/
- 11 annual and seasonal
   stream drained to 2 main
   rivers, the outlet Akaki
   river
- river buff area is ≈ 400



- Most upper stream are clean seasonal water,
- the lower streams drain permanently, but highly polluted by flood,
  - legal and illegal settelers at River buffer,
  - Most river buffers are used for Agriculture,
     Mining, Industries
  - this all causes the rivers to be dead water.

## 2.6. Agriculture

- is one of component of U and Peri-U ecosystem,
  that practices mainly for income generating, and
  food security.
- is lead by urban agriculture units under the trade and industry bureaus.
- PUA is viewed as a vehicle for empowerment
- There are mixed farming, such as Horticulture; cereal crops; livestock /mimal husbandry/

## Cont...

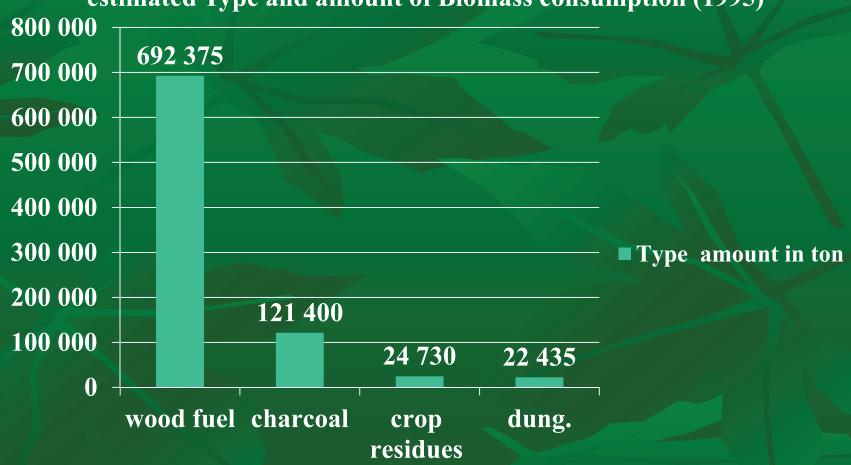
- PUA self-reliance, as an income generator and is important for sustainable use and management of natural resources.
- provides meaningful contributions towards household food security
- 14% of urban area covered by agriculture land,
- Southern part of the city is intensively cultivated cropland

- **2.7** Energy
- There is progress in modern energy sources utilization (electricity, gas and kerosene),
- 95% of people rely on electricity for lighting,
- 48% HH relied totally on 1 or 2 of these fuels for cooking,
- 30 % use some modern energy but also traditional energy sources (wood, charcoal or dung).
- 22% of urban dwellers depend on traditional fuels using traditional stoves, the traditional women & children to highly under the little of the little of

- very high biomass energy consumption such as fuel wood, Charcoal, Dung cake, kerosene,
- Renewable & alternative energy were not practiced since last few yrs /solar, biogas, wind, bio-fuel/
- Supply doesn't satisfy the growing needs
- Thus the energy price ↑
- Considerable amount of energy
- The effect --- negative impact on forest wood,

- consumption of fuel wood 80%, charcoal 14%, cropresidue & dung 3% each
- consumption of fuel wood is equivalent to about 97,400 ha of eucalyptus.
- Wood brought from surrounding areas/25kms/,
- charcoal brought from far distant /Rift Valley 200 kms away/.
- smoke / cooking fire causes a major health problem
- Neg. impact on the national economy & env't
- To have adequate & efficient energy, modern technologies are important

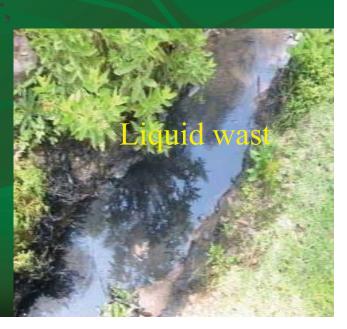




#### 2.8 Waste management

- 20 % of households have flash toilet
- 59% with shared pit toilet facilities,
- The remaining population have no sanitation facilities,
- Most of the housing units have no sewerage services.
- There are more than 2200 industries (leather, textile ..)
- Most of them are old and are extremely inefficient.
- 45% of their discharge causes air, water pollution,





- All those activities generate huge amounts of diff, types of wastes adversely affect the physical environment of the metropolitan of the metropolitan.
- Estimated solid waste generated 2,297 m<sup>3</sup>/ day.
- 65% is being collected properly,
- 10% recycled (5% composted 5% recycled)
- 25% damped on open spaces due to insufficient collection& lack of public awareness.
- This all increased public health hazard





## **Urban Development**

The City Dev't Plan policy is designed in the area of hinterland linkage, centrality, market hierarchy, strategic investment areas, manufacturing industries, road network, transportation, Social and municipal services, housing, historical structures and sites, and environment.

strategies emphasized are in the area of

 enhancing the National and International image of Addis Ababa,

## Cont...

- promote and improve services and facilities to attract international organizations.
- promote integrated regional planning between Addis Ababa and the hinterland,
- protect the environment through conservation of natural resources,
- strengthen transport linkages and mobility,
- identify strategic areas for investments and unlock barrier of redevelopment.

## 3. Urban and peri-UrbanAgriculture (UPUA) and renewable Energy source

3.1UPUA is the most important practices of cultivating, processing and distributing food items in or around urban,& peri urban areas. It practices mainly for income generating, and food producing

Agricultural farming includes Horticulture, sericulture, agro-forestry, and animal husbandry, but aquaculture is not yet experienced, just it is on promotion.

#### **UPUA &ER Cont...**

## 3.2 Energy

- **Energy** is one of the important economic sector for any nation in social and economic development, improve the productivity, and then standard of life.
- It is necessary and decisive for daily life for agriculture, industry, social services.
- > Energy is obtained from fuel wood, coal, oil,

#### **UPUA &ER Cont...**

To Implement UA & energy Both Resources requires:-

- Integration in urban development
- Waste and River water management
- Water conservation and efficient utilization
- Integrating in health and environment policy and legal procedures
- Recording Organic Wastes from UPUA and change to energy, and the residue of energy to agricultural production.

#### **UPUA & ER Cont...**

- Promotion /capacity building/:-
- > On sustainable Land Mg't, On risk reduction
- health & environmental risks mg't
- > people needs training and advisory services.
- research service,
- Women empowerment actions
- Supporting unemployed youth through UA & energy management,
- HIV/AIDs mitigation,

- 4. Effort of the UPU Government
- 4.1 formulating policies and implementation strategies
- The govt' adopted strategies & formulating policies for sustainable economic development,
- Agriculture and energy in line with environment protection and the need for its proper management:-

#### Effort Cont...

- a. Implementation Strategy of UPU Agriculture
- It was Formulated in 2010 to
- Be safe and sustainable,
- Be efficient and pluralistic delivery of UA support,
- Be health and environmental risks free
- enhancing legal framework and awareness on

### Effort Cont...

- b. Energy policy that focused on:-
- Energy development, supply & general policy actions .to ensure
- expansion of Fuel wood plantation
- Change Cultural energy, to Improved energy
- Develop hydroelectric power
- Develop alternative energy /Wind, solar, coal, geothermal etc/
- Develop natural gas, and oil

### Effort cont...

- Minimize the gap b/n Demand and supply in house hold energy,
- alternative energy For agricultural development,
- energy to supply Industry, according to their demand /energy type/
- Protect the local natural balance from pollution
- Capacity building of science and technology

  /research and study/ on forest resource

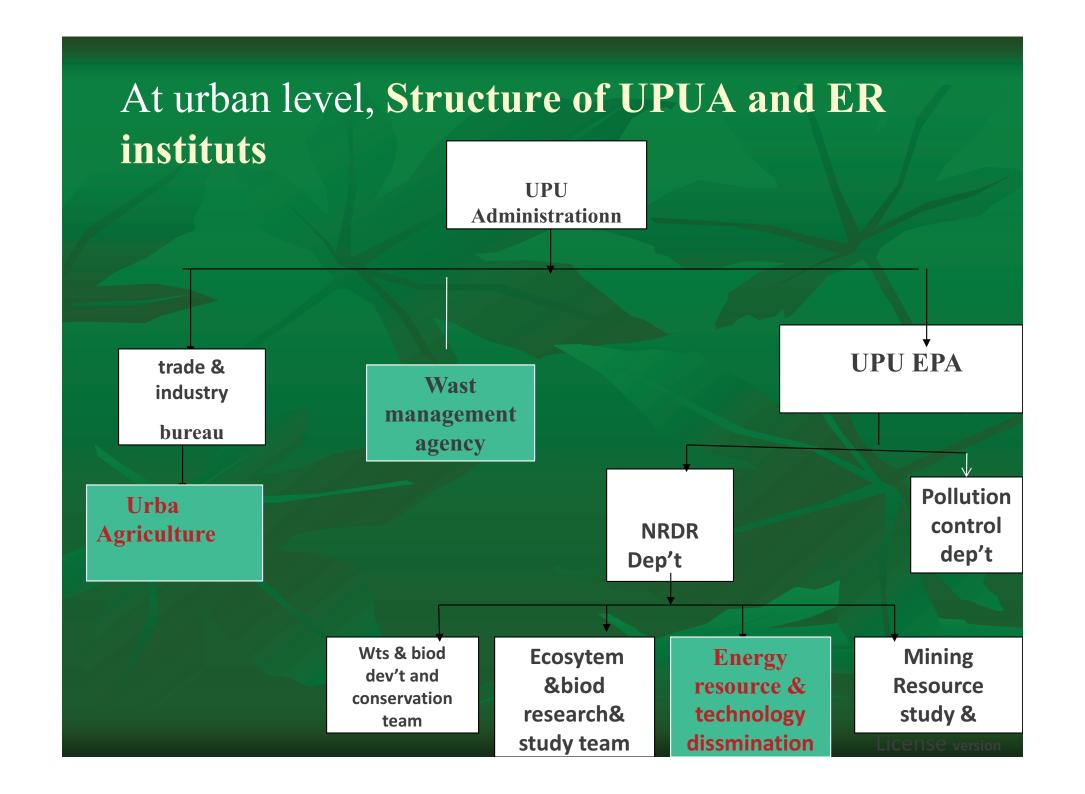
  degradation, environment, climatic change, and
  renewable/impact energy development etc/

### Effort Cont...

4.2 established appropriate Institutions to perform the constitution & the policy concepts,

### At federal level

- Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development (MOARD)
- Environmental protection Authority (EPA)
- Institute of Biodiversity Conservation (IBC)
- Ministry of Mining and energy/ water& energy source WESA/
- Regional Environmental Agencies (REA)



## 5. Public Participation 5.1 Awareness creation

awareness on issues related to U& PU agriculture and renewable energy policies and strategies

- Events, TV broadcasts
- FM radios
- Printed Medias etc.
- 5.2 training Fuel saving and Renewable Energy Source /improved stoves
- Recycling /compost preparation, change to energy etc
- Ren.energy, greening, prot'n impr't of urban ecology
- 5.3 Participate in UPU ecosystem & biod mg't to biomas

## Public part cont...

Training and public awareness creation programs



## tree planting program

















### 6. Achievement in last three yrs

### 6.1. UPU agriculture unit

- it has extension workers that provide technical aid
   & assists SME, corporations, associations, individual
   producers,
- According to Master plan Agric area 7309 ha,
   Currently 10333.7 ha
- >12 productive and /sites in 6 sub-cities

### **PUA exercised Mixed farming**

such as Hortic; cereal crops; bee keeping and animal hasbanbry. /poultry,dairy farm.fattening program

### Activiti cont...

The PUA farming system is diverse.

- There are small scale crop-livestock systems
   with recycling of organic inputs,
- There are also large scale farms where private investors are dealing with vegetables, poultry and dairy in and around the capital city.
- About 50,627 populations are engaged agricultural activities
- Most poor households living in the city practice everywhere,

### Activiti cont...

 The number of people engaged in horticultural activities are estimated to about 800.

Agri-Production of 2008/9 -11 and futre 3 yrs

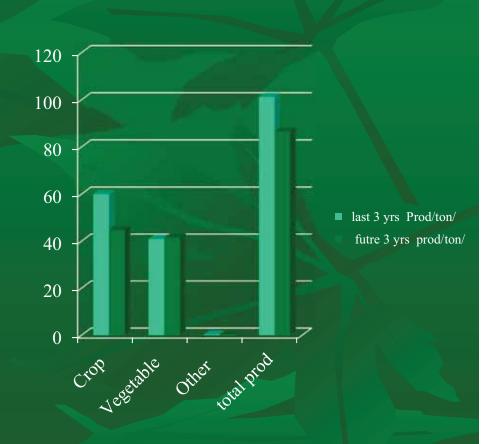
- Total production 101189.8 ton, future prod will be 86520ton
- Current crop prod area 60200, future 44700ton
- horticulture 41160 ton, future 41820ton
- Future Production plan decreases, because 3024.7 ha.

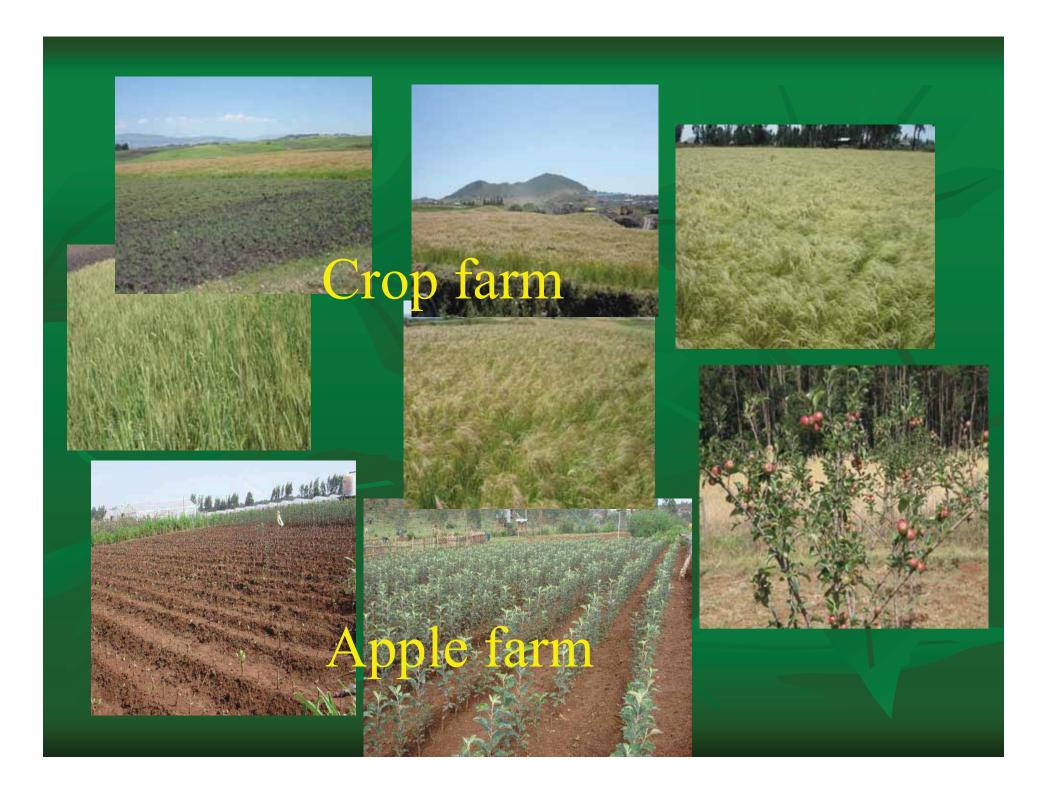
  Will be used for an expansion according to master

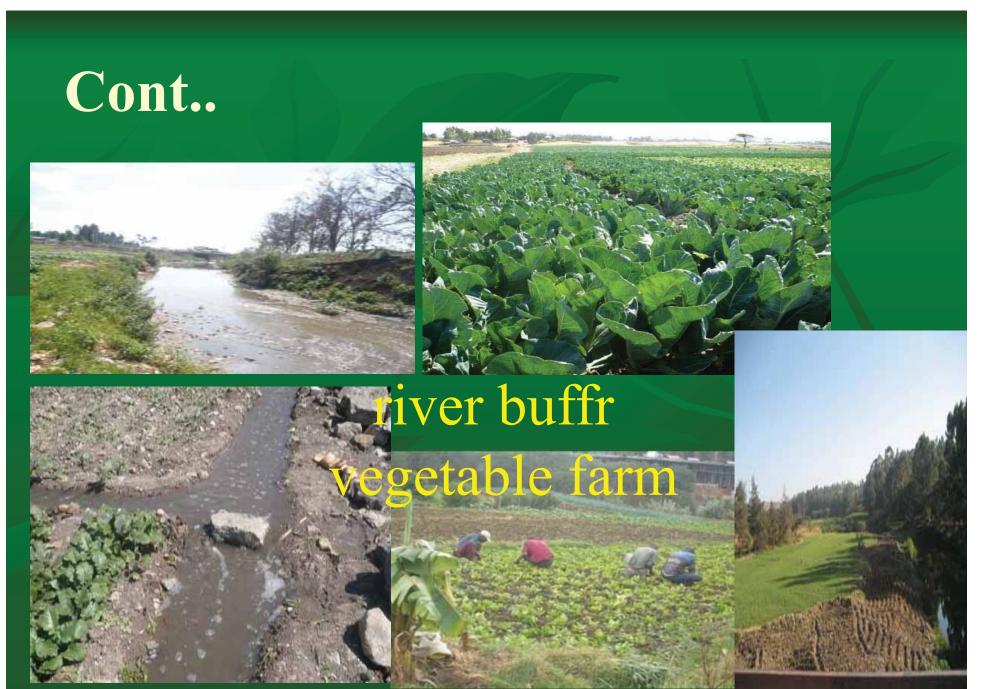
  The of the city

### Agri- production in 2008/9 t0 2010/11/ and 2011/12 t0 2013/14

Type of productio	Area in ha	Prod/000	
Crop	9805.7	ton 60	44.7
Vegetable	428	40.86	41.5
Other horticultural		0.3	0.32
products			
total /	10333.7	101.2	86.52

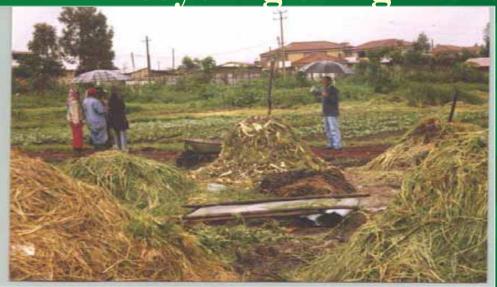


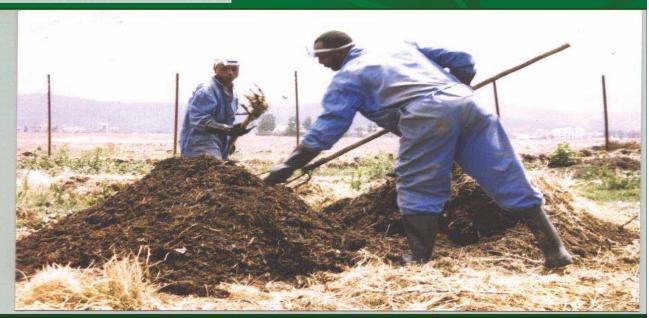


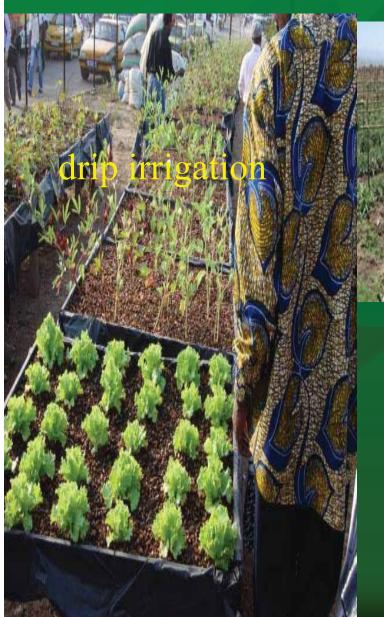


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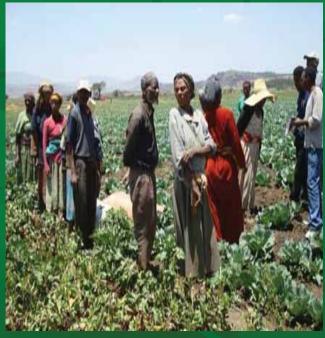
## Recycling of Agri waste/composting

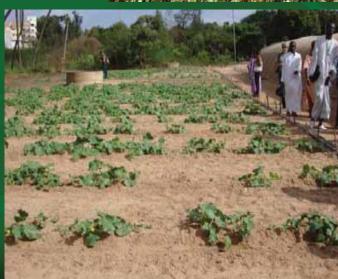












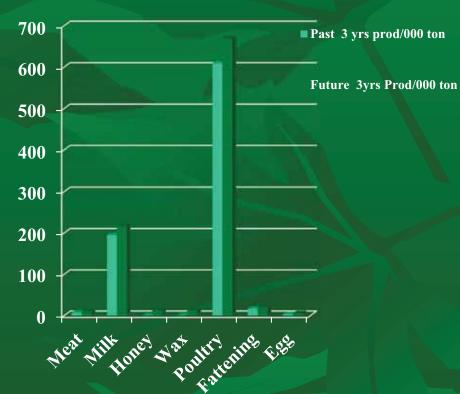
### Activiti cont...

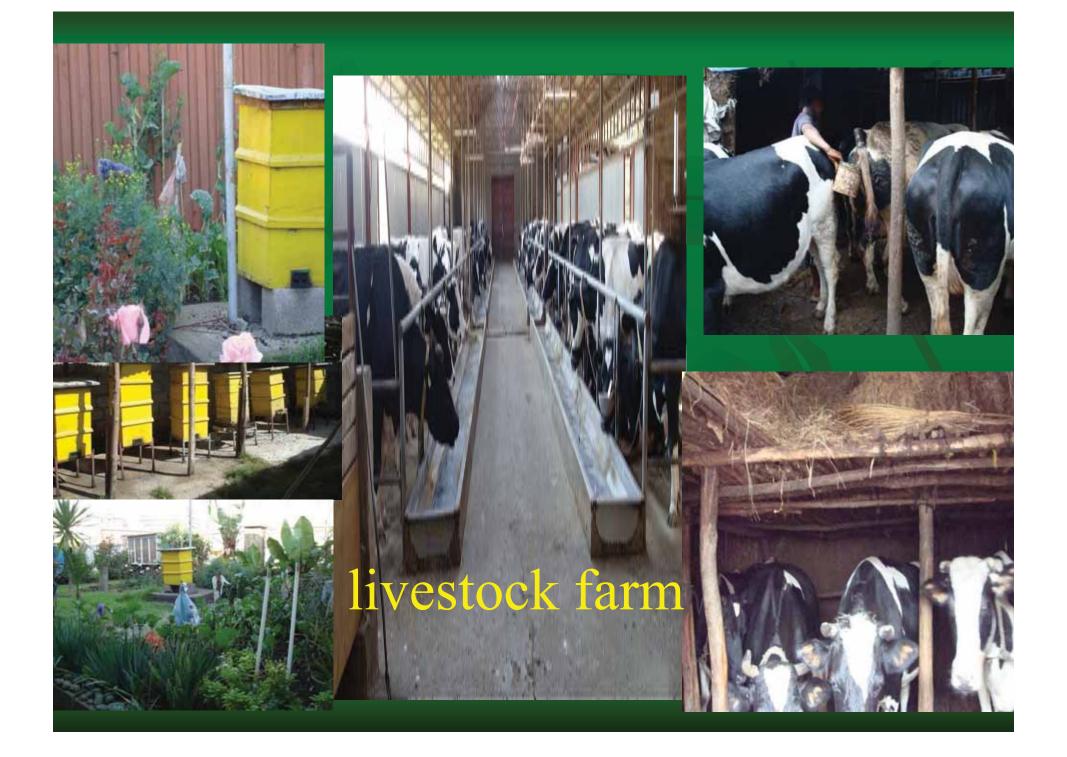
Livestock products of 3 last and future years are:-

- from 811 dairy farm 195000 ton of milk, future will be 217200 ton of milk.
- Poultry /from 484 Poultry farm 609700 ton &future will be 668900 ton poultry
- Egg 3150 ton future will be 66ton 5270 ton
- Haney /from 4231bee hives/120 future will be 13140 ton
- Fattening /from154 farm/ 16690 future will be 20620 ton /sheep,goat & bulls /live stocks
- Meat production 7150 ton future will be 9960 ton

### 2008/9-10/11 & 2011/12-2014/15 livestock

No	Type	Past 3 yrs prod/000 ton	Future 3yrs Prod/000 ton
	Livest ock		
1	Meat	7.15	9.96
2	Milk	195	217.2
3	Honey	0.12	13.14
4	Wax	0.12	13.14
5	Poultr y	609.7	668.9
6	Fatten ing	16.69	20.62
7	Egg	3.15	5.27







Fattening

program













### achiev Cont...

- 6.2. Energy source tech.expan. version
- energy resources such as improve stove (lakech, tekekel, mert, biogas) solar power, wind at office and some schools and some institutions for training & awareness creation.
- There is Public participati on biogas plants construction by Private, organizations, small scale enterprises also participate on and preparing some improved stoves.

## Achiev cont... UPU Renewable energy Source manag't /RES/

- Research and studies was carried out by university, water & energy sector, EPA etc
- Research results of ethanol from sugar factory, Jatropha curcas, caster crop, Palm tree, vegetable residues, and diff. type of stoves etc.
- Promotion, on Renewable /energy stoves is carried out
- Demonstration centre was established
- Training has given & disseminate to individuals, associations, small scale enterprises, institutions etc.

## Solar energy







### **Achiev Cont...**

- 46 biogas plant at schools, public organizatios
- 276000 Proto / Improved stoves/ such as beehive, lakech, Tekekle etc/ distributed in UPU areas
- 6000 ethanol, stove / Distribution to condominium houses
- Live demonstration of coock stove for 20000 people has been carried out

## Improved stoves

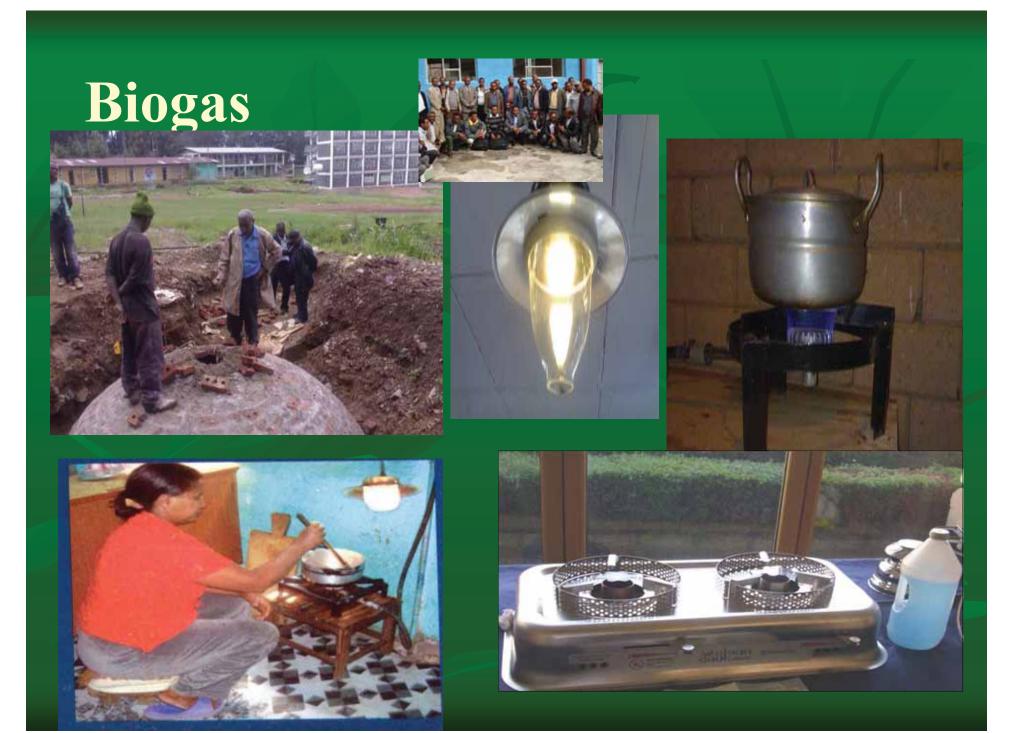












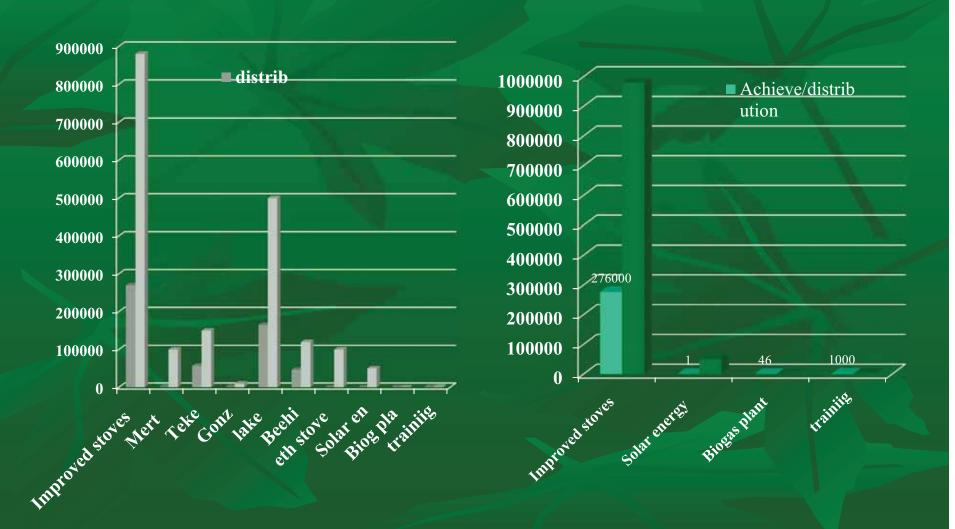
## Achiev'ts of UPU Renewable Energy Source

no	activities	unit	Achieve/dist	future plan	remark
1	Improved stoves	no	ribution 276000	980000	245000/mon th
1.1	Meret	no	780	100000	
1.2	Tekekle /rokete	no	57000	150000	
1.3	Gonzie		720	10000	
1.4	lakech	no	165000	500000	
1.5	Beehive/Mirc haye	no	46500	120000	efficient& high demand
2	ethanol stove	no	6000	100000	1 at model
3	Solar energy	no	1	50000	At office model
4	Biogas plant	no	46	100	6 model at office
5	trainiig	no	1000	1500	

## Cont..

6	Awareness creation	NO	35000	150000	
7	Research and study	no	4		2 Improved stoves ,1solid wast to eng, 1assesmant of energ needs&util
8	promotion	no			100000peo aware of &125
8.1	exhivition		30		60000people visited ,80000 is planned
8.2	permananent demonestrati centre establishing	no	1		20000 people visited & 25000 planed
8.3	public live coocking stove demonst	no	20000		10 days package 20000people participated

## DISTRIBUTION OF Renewable Energy STOVES



# Efferts of the federal energy sector

### Biofuel

- 11 million of *Jatropha curcas* SL were Planted in 3 regions for Bio-fuel /ethanol
- 11 mil. liter of etha nol fuel /5-10% mix/
- 720000 litter ethanoldistributed to HH & refugee camp
- focused on Promotion, establishing demonstration centre
- 2664263 improved stoves distributed

## federal Renewable Energy source manag't

no	activities	unit	achievement	distribution	remark
1	Improved stoves	no	2664263	2664263	
1.1	Miret	no	998669	998669	
1.2	Closed stove	no	1402337	1402337	
1.3	Gonzie		139181	139181	
1.4	Daily cocker	no	11143	11143	
1.5	tekekel		2862	2862	
1.6	opesi	no	110071	110071	
2	Bio-fuel				
2.1	ethanol stoves	no	-	imported	Produced in2 sugar factory
2.2	ethanol fuel	liter	11 mil	720000 to HH	Produced in2



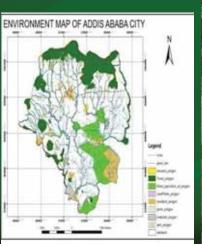
### 6.3 green dev't

Rehabilitation& developmen

River buffer Rehabilitation

•planting trees along the road, river buffer carried out to increase biomass,

climate regulation,



nursery <mark>mgt practices</mark> 1mil/yr SL raised

Rehabilitation 0.6 mill SL/yr planted



River buffer

## 7. Challenges

- 1. Urbanization and their impacts have the potential to disrupt the urban and peri urban ecological functions, if not checked every steps. Gap b/n production & demand
- Environmental degradation is one of the major challenges that affect urban eco-system that can affect to sustainable the food security & energy utilization.

### challe cont...

- 2. solid and liquid waste management practices dumped on open spaces especially, drainage channels, rivers and valleys, diffic. to collect
- 3. Illegal settlements practices in areas allocated for green area /along the edge of river banks, upper catchment, abandoned quarry the the agri. Land
- Climate changes Are some of the major challenges that have affected the ecology of our city.

## challe cont...

- 4. Lack of capacity
  - Training on different topics
  - Experience sharing tours
  - lack of Technology and techniques
  - Low Level of awareness
  - Financial resources to enhance and realize the considered plans

### 8. Conclusion

The Addis Ababa City Government gives a better emphasis to:-

- all internal & external factors influencing the life and activities of urban ecosystem.
- Agriculture & renewable energy of the city in line with the National 5 years Growth and Transformation Plan,
- challenges together with the public, national, international and other partners involved in the sector.

Let us work together Improve the metropolis cities clean, green and safe to live